

ANTREX Electronics

Electronic Components Sourcing Information

Product Reference Information

Part Number: IKW03N120H2FKSA1
Manufacturer: Infineon Technologies
Package: TO-247-3
Availability: Please confirm with sales

Product Page:

<https://antrexco.com/product/details/infineon-technologies/ikw03n120h2fksa1.html>

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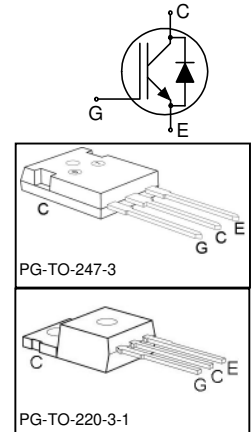
Note:

This PDF includes an ANTREX product reference cover page.

The original manufacturer datasheet follows from the next page.

HighSpeed 2-Technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel Emitter Controlled HE diode

- **Designed for:**
 - SMPS
 - Lamp Ballast
 - ZVS-Converter
- **2nd generation HighSpeed-Technology for 1200V applications offers:**
 - loss reduction in resonant circuits
 - temperature stable behavior
 - parallel switching capability
 - tight parameter distribution
 - E_{off} optimized for $I_C = 3A$
- Qualified according to JEDEC² for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



Type	V_{CE}	I_C	E_{off}	T_j	Marking	Package
IKW03N120H2	1200V	3A	0.15mJ	150°C	K03H1202	PG-TO-247-3
IKP03N120H2	1200V	3A	0.15mJ	150°C	K03H1202	PG-TO-220-3-1

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	1200	V
Triangular collector current	I_C	9.6	A
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $f = 140\text{kHz}$		3.9	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $f = 140\text{kHz}$			
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I_{Cpuls}	9.9	
Turn off safe operating area	-	9.9	
$V_{CE} \leq 1200\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Diode forward current	I_F	9.6	
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		3.9	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$			
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	± 20	V
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	62.5	W
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			
Operating junction and storage temperature	T_j , T_{stg}	-40...+150	°C
Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s	-	260	

¹ J-STD-020 and JESD-022

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJC}		2.0	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJCD}		3.2	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R_{thJA}	P-TO-220-3-1 P-TO-247-3-21	62	

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	Typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0V, I_C=300\mu A$	1200	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE} = 15V, I_C=3A$	-	2.2	2.8	
		$T_j=25^{\circ}C$	-	2.5	-	
		$T_j=150^{\circ}C$	-	2.4	-	
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE} = 0, I_F=2A$	-	2.0	2.5	
		$T_j=25^{\circ}C$	-	1.75	-	
		$T_j=150^{\circ}C$	-	-	-	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C=90\mu A, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	2.1	3	3.9	μA
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE}=1200V, V_{GE}=0V$	-	-	20	
		$T_j=25^{\circ}C$	-	-	80	
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$T_j=150^{\circ}C$	-	-	-	
		$V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=20V$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE}=20V, I_C=3A$	-	2	-	S
Dynamic Characteristic						
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{CE}=25V,$	-	205	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$V_{GE}=0V,$	-	24	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}	$f=1MHz$	-	7	-	
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	$V_{CC}=960V, I_C=3A$ $V_{GE}=15V$	-	22	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E	PG-TO-220-3-1	-	7	-	nH
		PG-TO-247-3-21	-	13	-	

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=800\text{V}$, $I_C=3\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G=82\Omega$, $L_{\sigma}^{(2)}=180\text{nH}$, $C_{\sigma}^{(2)}=40\text{pF}$ Energy losses include “tail” and diode ³⁾ reverse recovery.	-	9.2	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	5.2	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	281	-	
Fall time	t_f		-	29	-	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.14	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}	-	0.15	-		
Total switching energy	E_{ts}	-	0.29	-		
Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic						
Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_R=800\text{V}$, $I_F=3\text{A}$, $R_G=82\Omega$	-	42	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.23	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	10.3	-	A
Diode current slope	di_F/dt		-	993	-	A/ μs
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	1180	-	

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{CC}=800\text{V}$, $I_C=3\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G=82\Omega$, $L_{\sigma}^{(2)}=180\text{nH}$, $C_{\sigma}^{(2)}=40\text{pF}$ Energy losses include “tail” and diode ³⁾ reverse recovery.	-	9.4	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	6.7	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	340	-	
Fall time	t_f		-	63	-	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.22	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.26	-	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.48	-	
Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic						
Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_R=800\text{V}$, $I_F=3\text{A}$, $R_G=82\Omega$	-	125	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.51	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	12	-	A
Diode current slope	di_F/dt		-	829	-	A/ μs
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	540	-	

²⁾ Leakage inductance L_{σ} and stray capacity C_{σ} due to dynamic test circuit in figure E

³⁾ Commutation diode from device IKP03N120H2

Switching Energy ZVT, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-off energy	E_{off}	$V_{CC}=800V,$				mJ
		$I_C=3A,$				
		$V_{GE}=15V/0V,$				
		$R_G=82\Omega,$				
		$C_r^{2)}=4nF$				
		$T_j=25^{\circ}C$	-	0.05	-	
		$T_j=150^{\circ}C$	-	0.09	-	

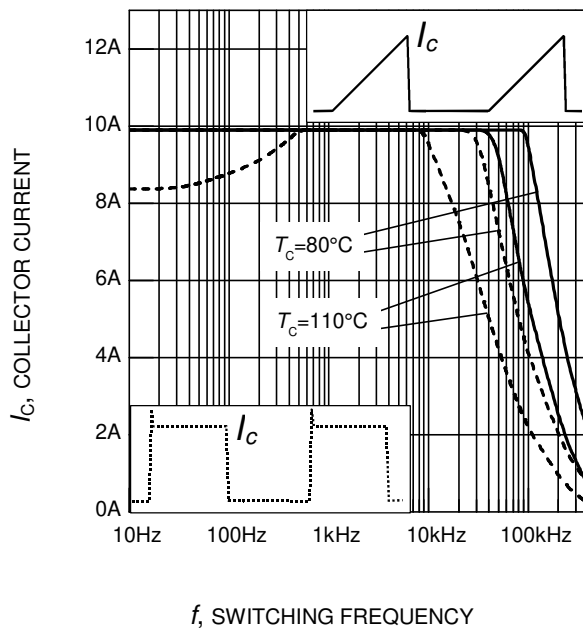


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency
($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$, $D = 0.5$, $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G = 82\Omega$)

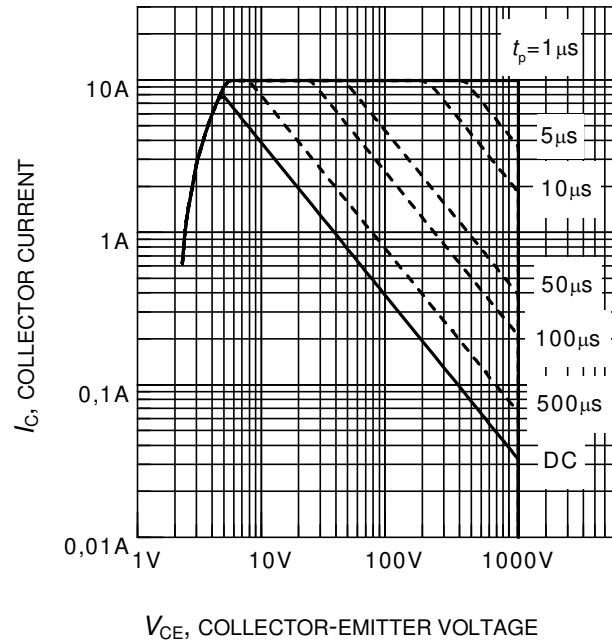


Figure 2. Safe operating area
($D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

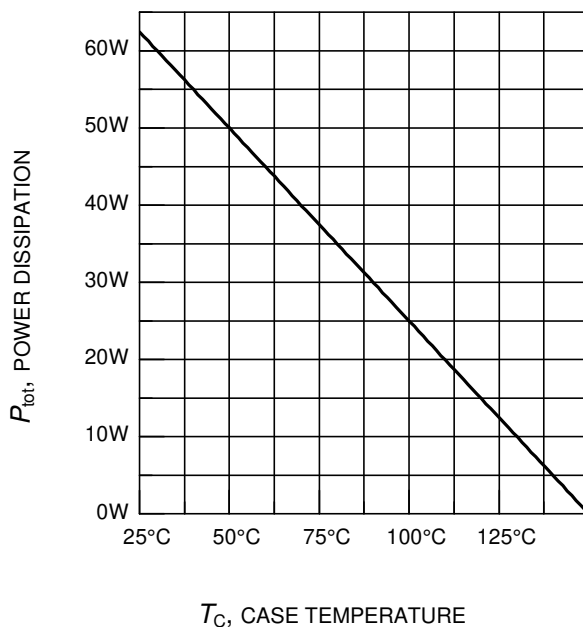


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature
($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

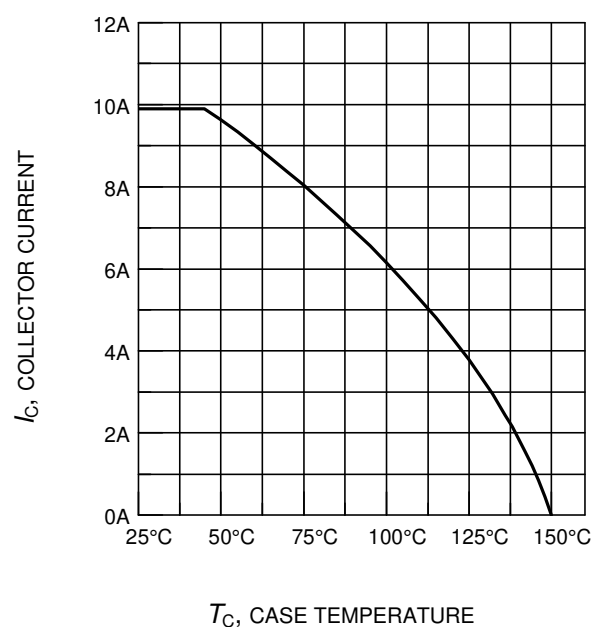
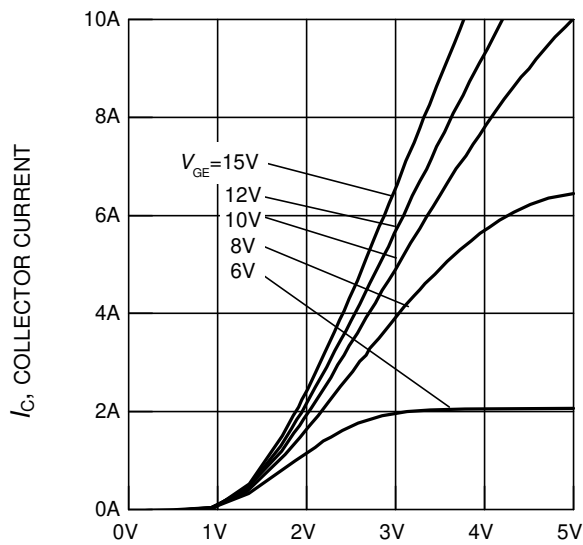
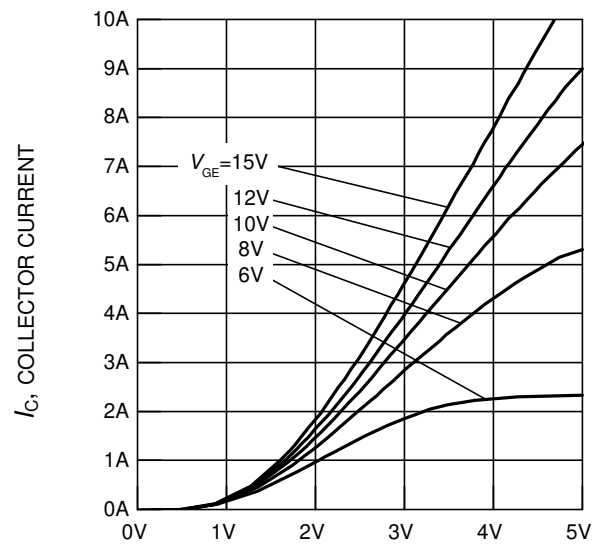


Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature
($V_{GE} \leq 15\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)



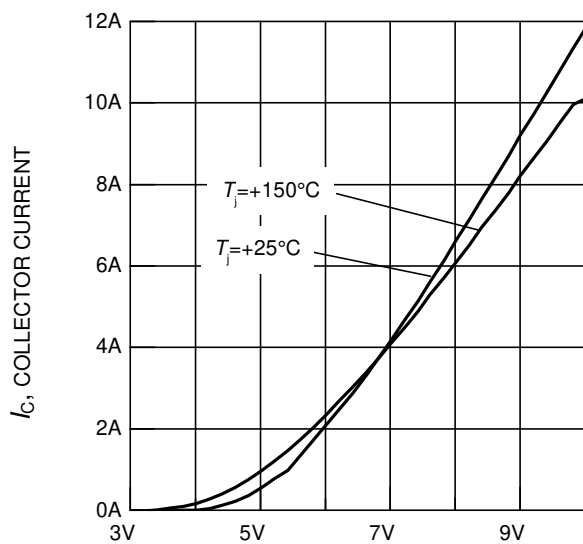
V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 5. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$)



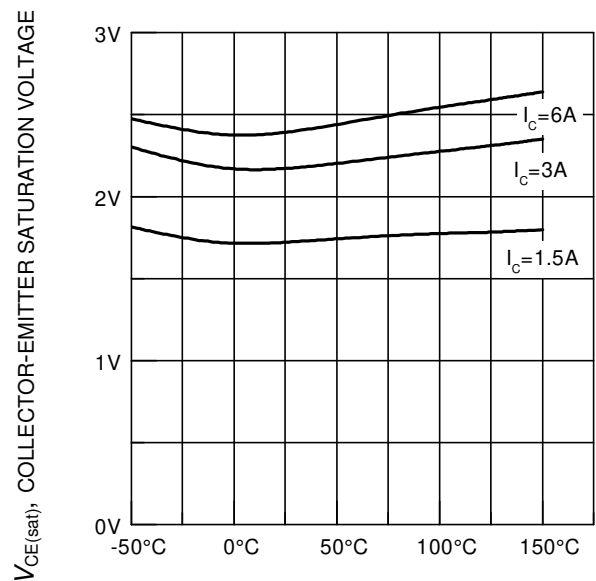
V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 6. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$)



V_{GE} , GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristics
($V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$)



T_j , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

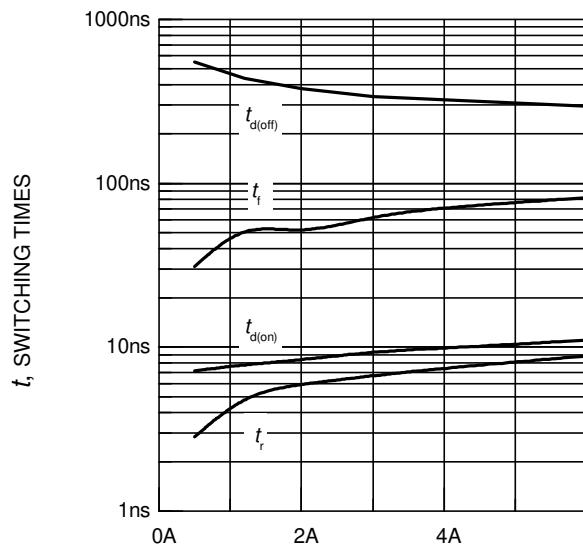


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$,
 $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G = 82\Omega$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

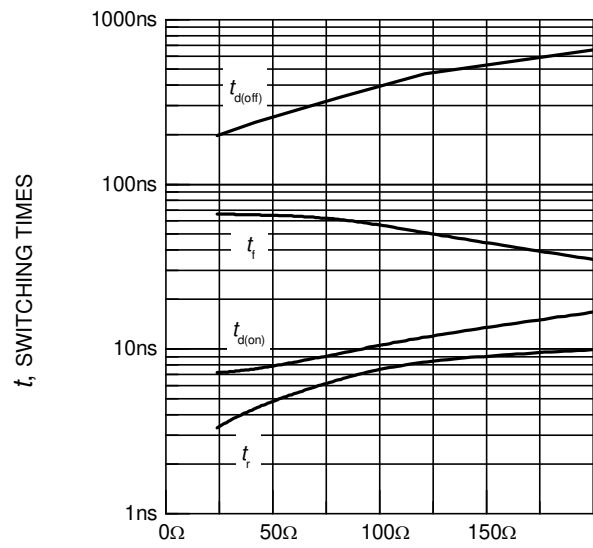


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$,
 $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 3\text{A}$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

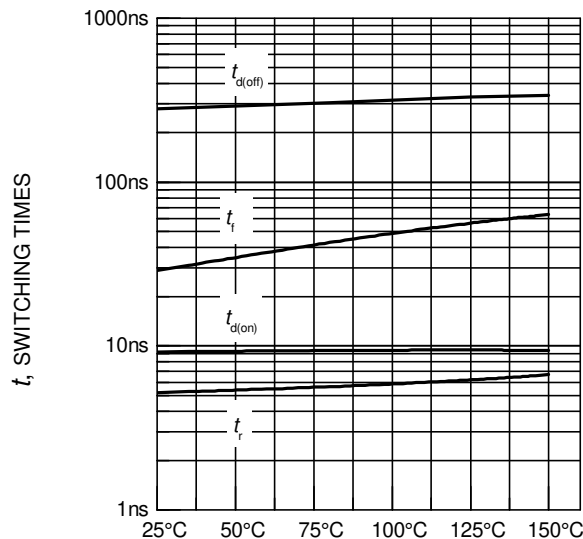


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 3\text{A}$, $R_G = 82\Omega$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

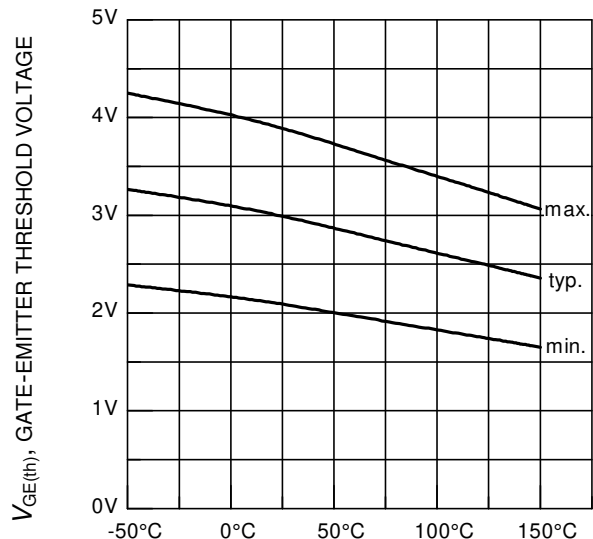


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature
($I_C = 0.09\text{mA}$)

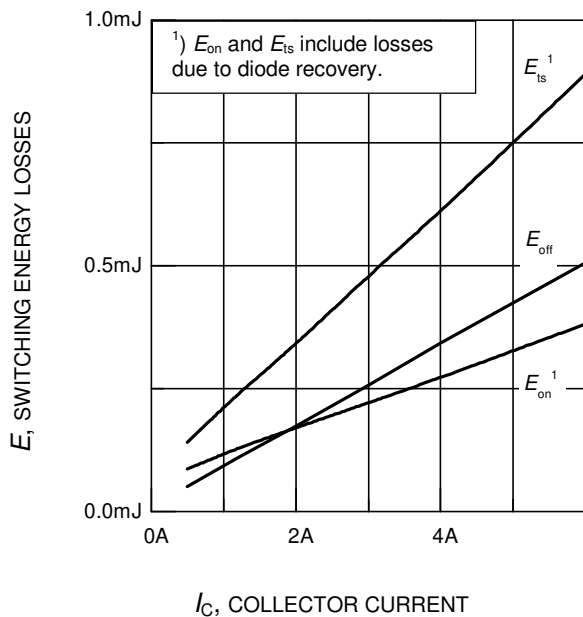


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G = 82\Omega$, dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

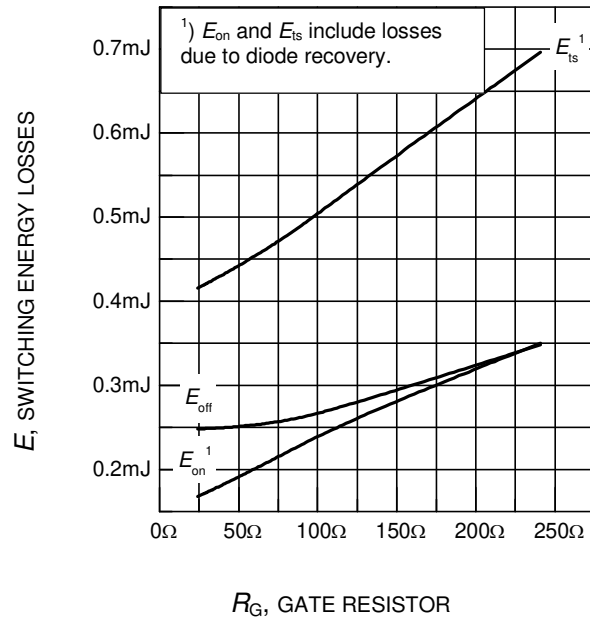


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 3\text{A}$, dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

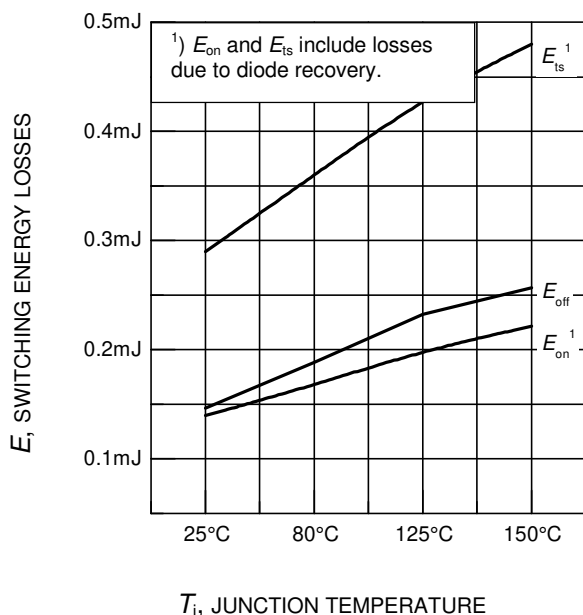


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 3\text{A}$, $R_G = 82\Omega$, dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

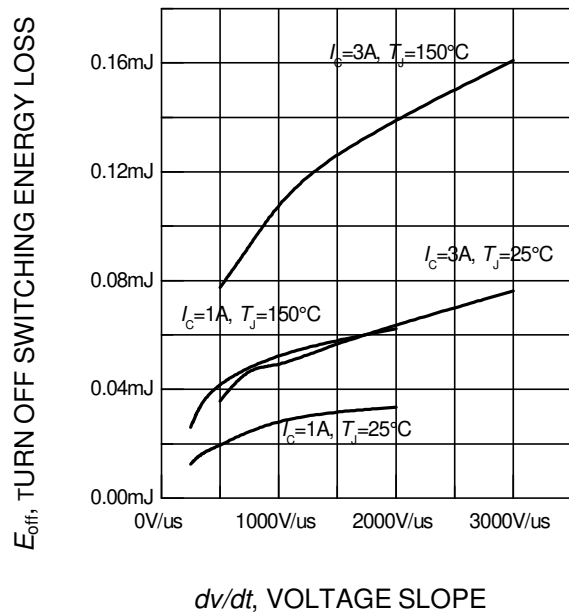


Figure 16. Typical turn off switching energy loss for soft switching
(dynamic test circuit in Fig. E)

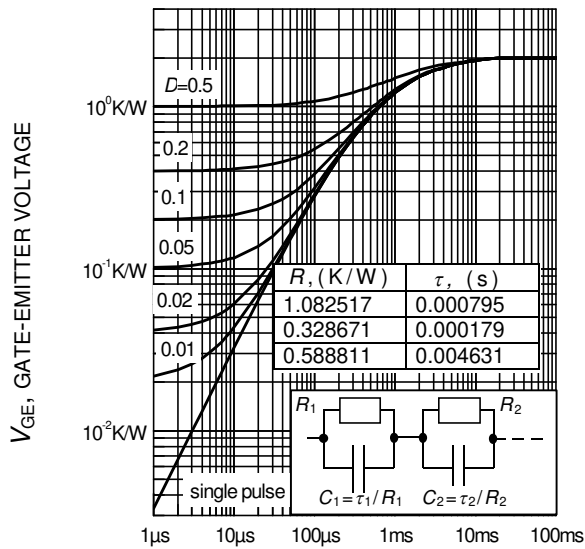


Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C = 3A$)

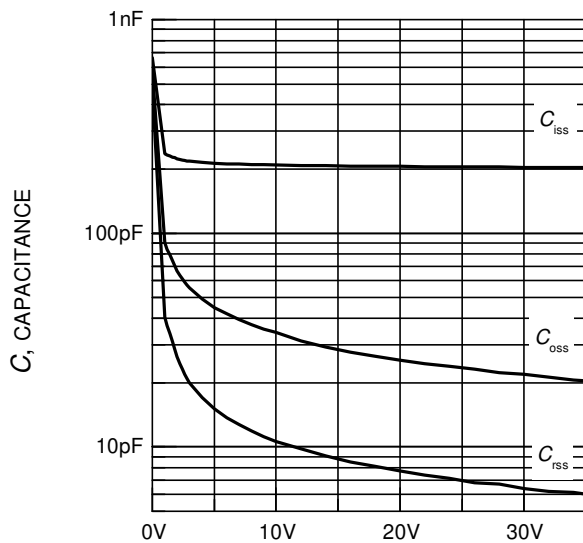


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE} = 0V$, $f = 1MHz$)

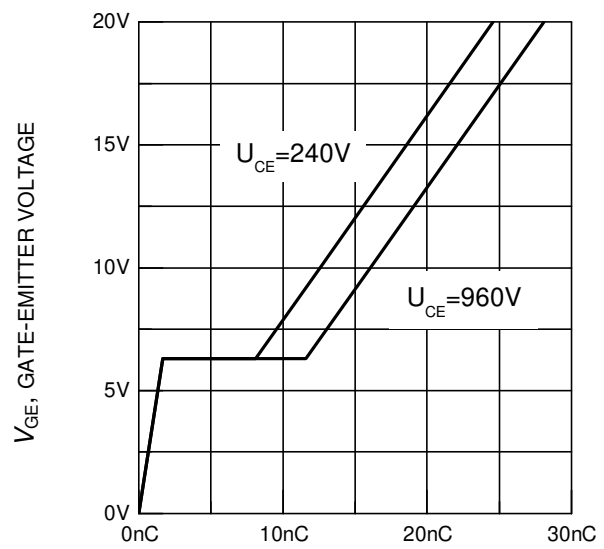


Figure 19. Typical turn on behavior
($I_C = 3A$)

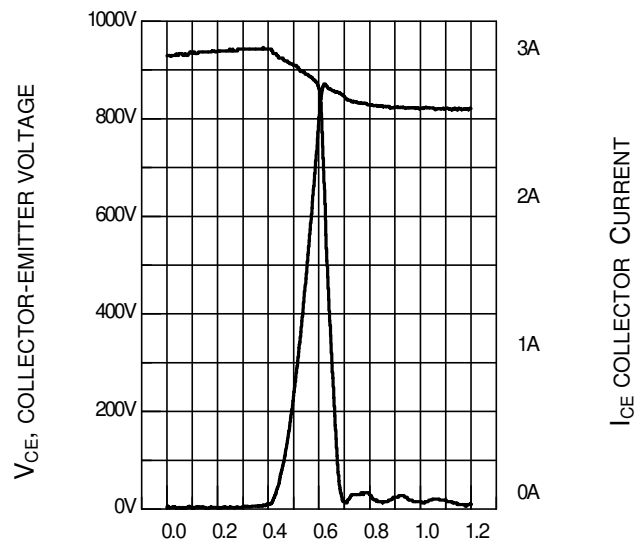
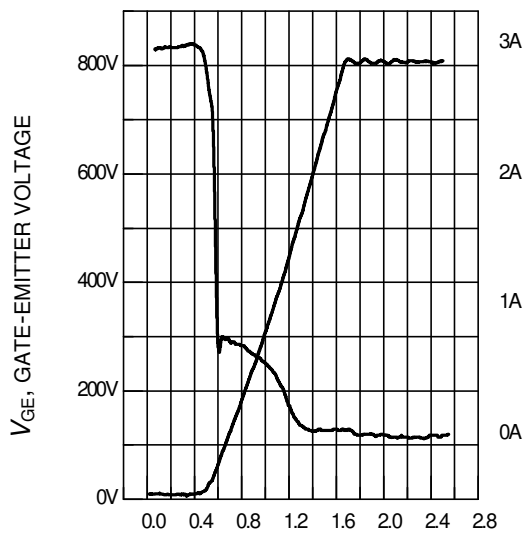


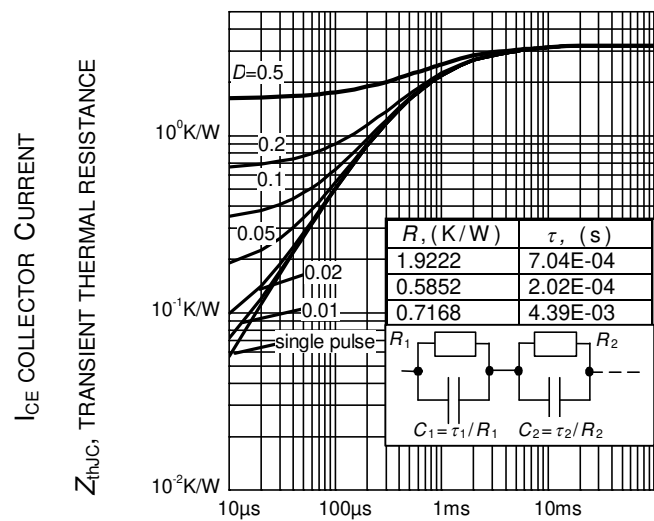
Figure 20. Typical turn off behavior, hard switching
($V_{GE} = 15/0V$, $R_G = 82\Omega$, $T_j = 150^\circ C$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



t_p , PULSE WIDTH

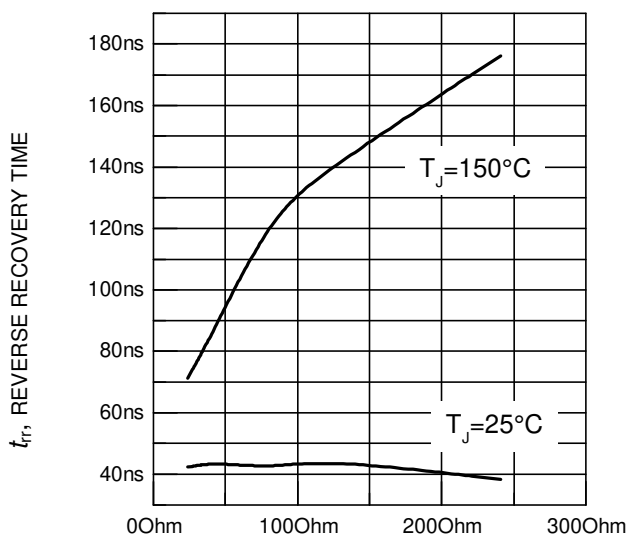
Figure 21. Typical turn off behavior, soft switching

($V_{GE}=15/0V$, $R_G=82\Omega$, $T_j = 150^\circ C$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



t_p , PULSE WIDTH

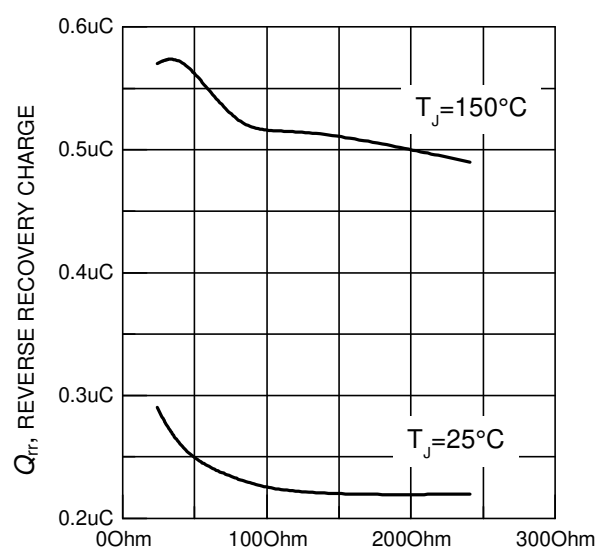
Figure 22. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
($D=t_p/T$)



R_G , GATE RESISTANCE

Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope

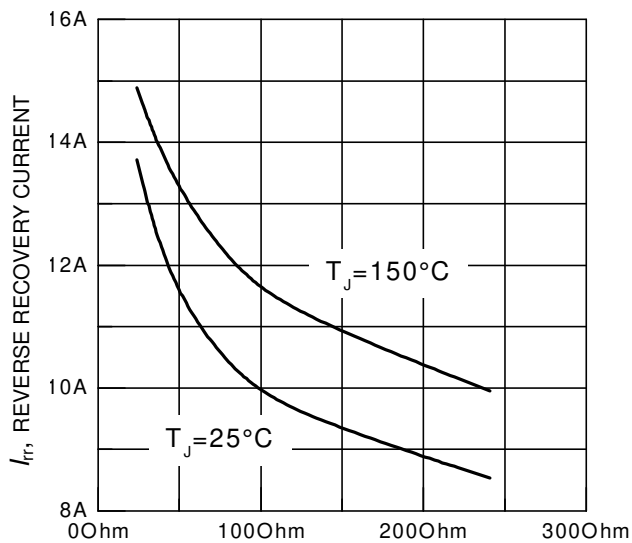
($V_R=800V$, $I_F=3A$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



R_G , GATE RESISTANCE

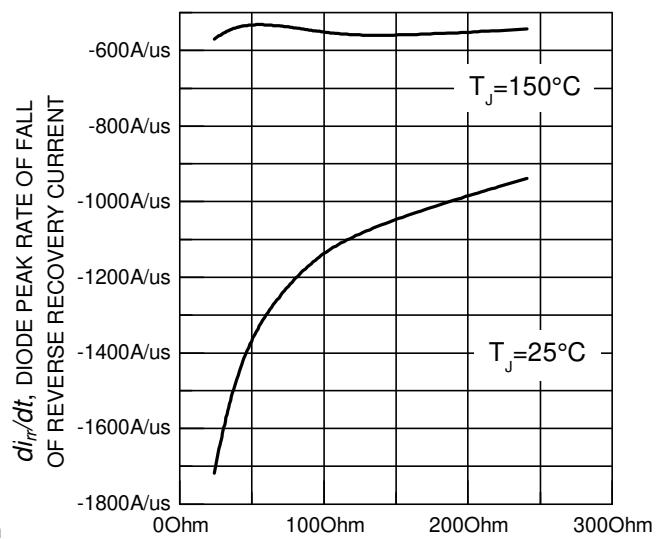
Figure 24. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope

($V_R=800V$, $I_F=3A$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



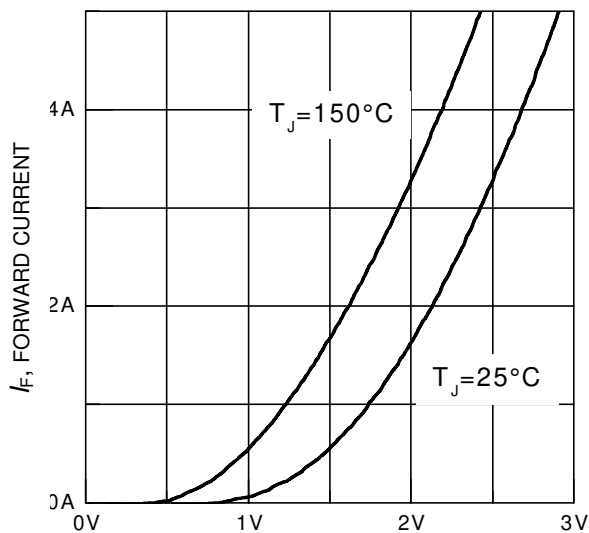
R_G , GATE RESISTANCE

Figure 25. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
($V_R=800V$, $I_F=3A$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



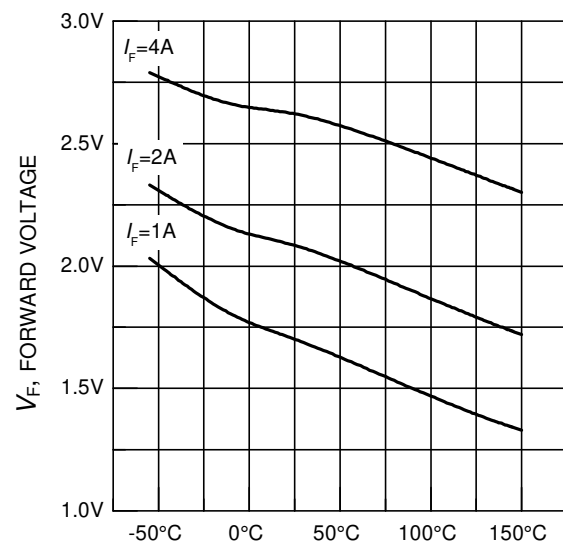
R_G , GATE RESISTANCE

Figure 26. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
($V_R=800V$, $I_F=3A$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



V_F , FORWARD VOLTAGE

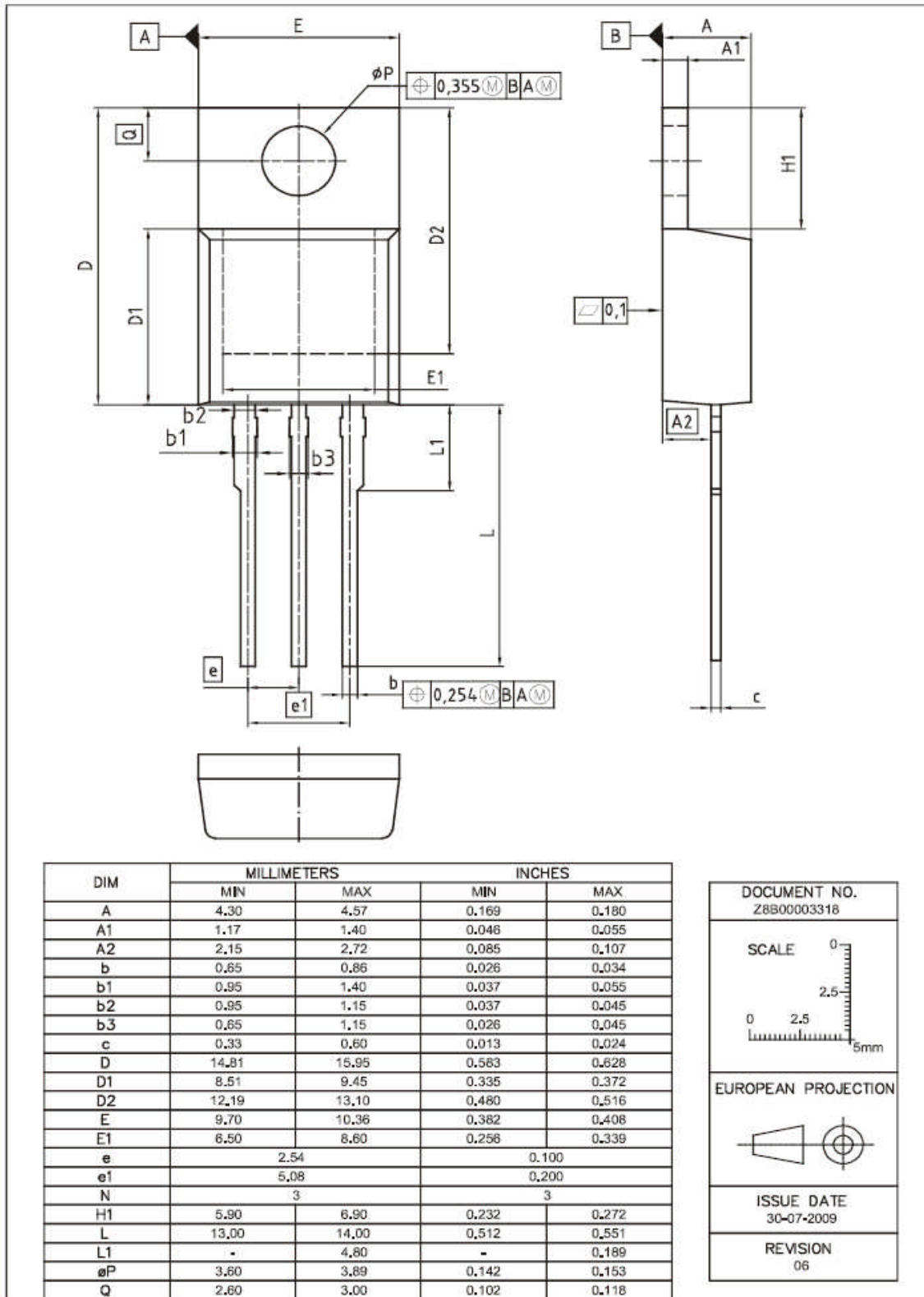
Figure 27. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage



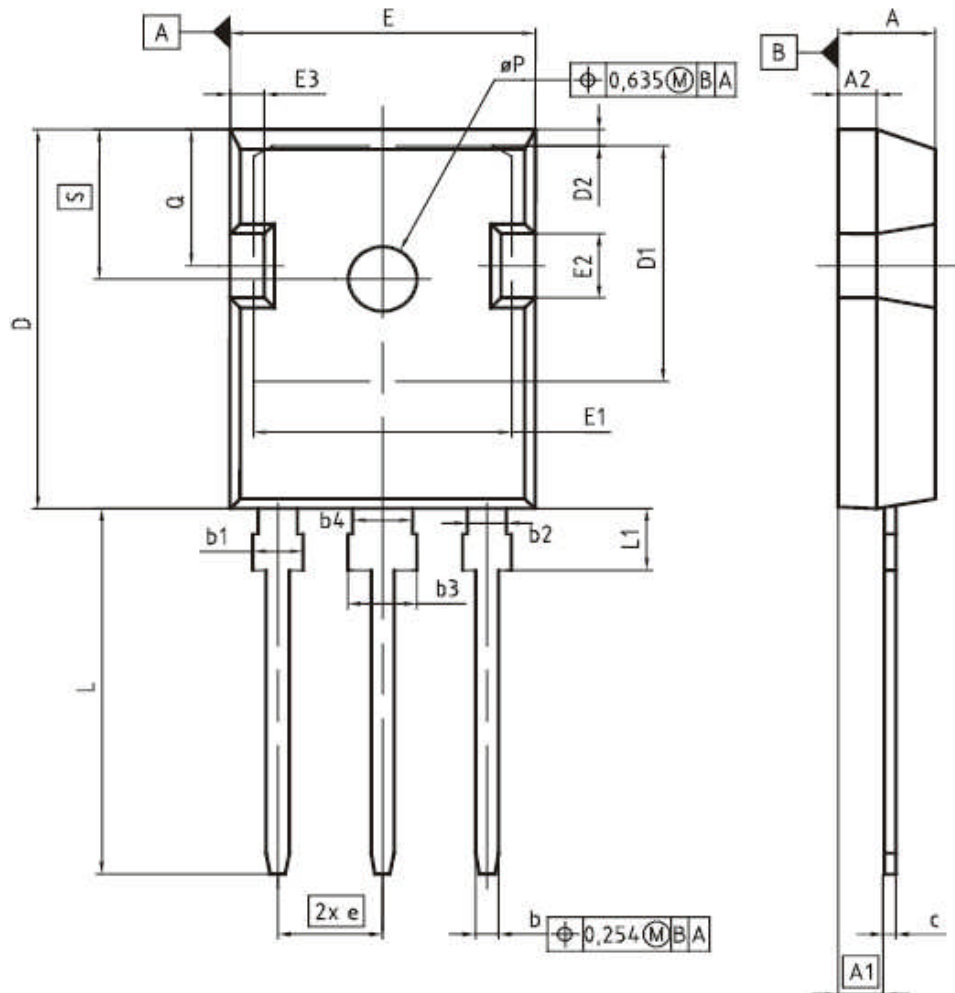
T_J , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 28. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

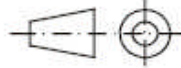
PG-TO220-3



PG-TO247-3



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4,83	5,21	0,190	0,205
A1	2,27	2,54	0,089	0,100
A2	1,85	2,16	0,073	0,085
b	1,07	1,33	0,042	0,052
b1	1,90	2,41	0,075	0,095
b2	1,90	2,16	0,075	0,085
b3	2,87	3,38	0,113	0,133
b4	2,87	3,13	0,113	0,123
c	0,55	0,68	0,022	0,027
D	20,80	21,10	0,819	0,831
D1	16,25	17,85	0,640	0,695
D2	0,95	1,35	0,037	0,053
E	15,70	16,13	0,618	0,635
E1	13,10	14,15	0,516	0,557
E2	3,68	5,10	0,145	0,201
E3	1,00	2,60	0,039	0,102
e	5,44 (BSC)		0,214 (BSC)	
N	3		3	
L	19,80	20,32	0,780	0,800
L1	4,10	4,47	0,161	0,176
øP	3,50	3,70	0,138	0,146
Q	5,49	6,00	0,216	0,236
S	6,04	6,30	0,238	0,248

DOCUMENT NO. Z8B00003327
SCALE 0 5 10 7,5mm
EUROPEAN PROJECTION 
ISSUE DATE 09-07-2010
REVISION 05

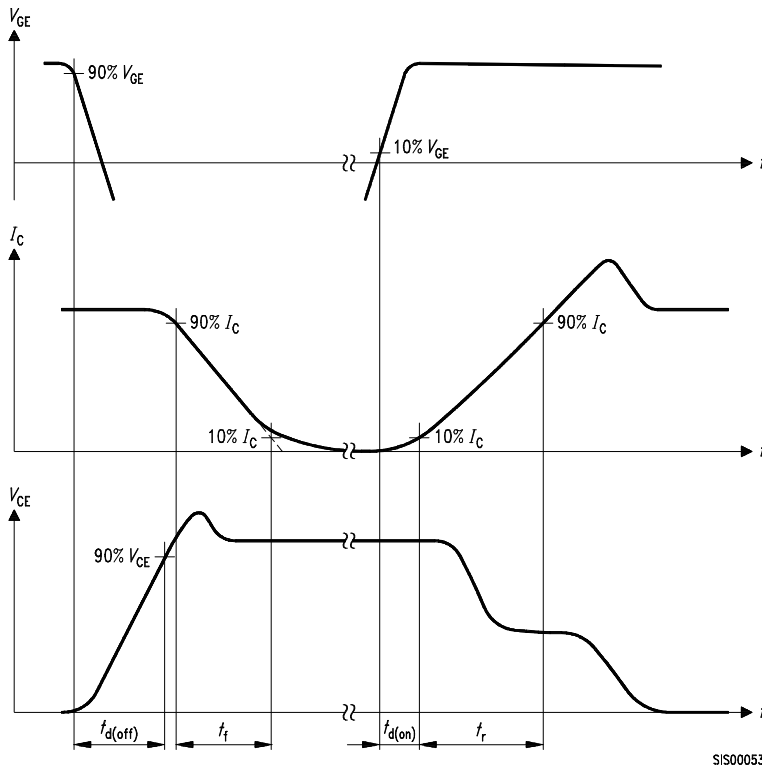


Figure A. Definition of switching times

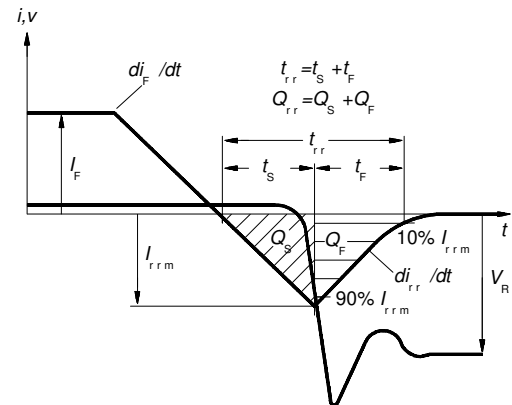


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

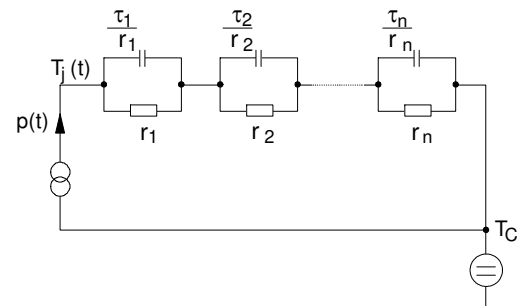


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

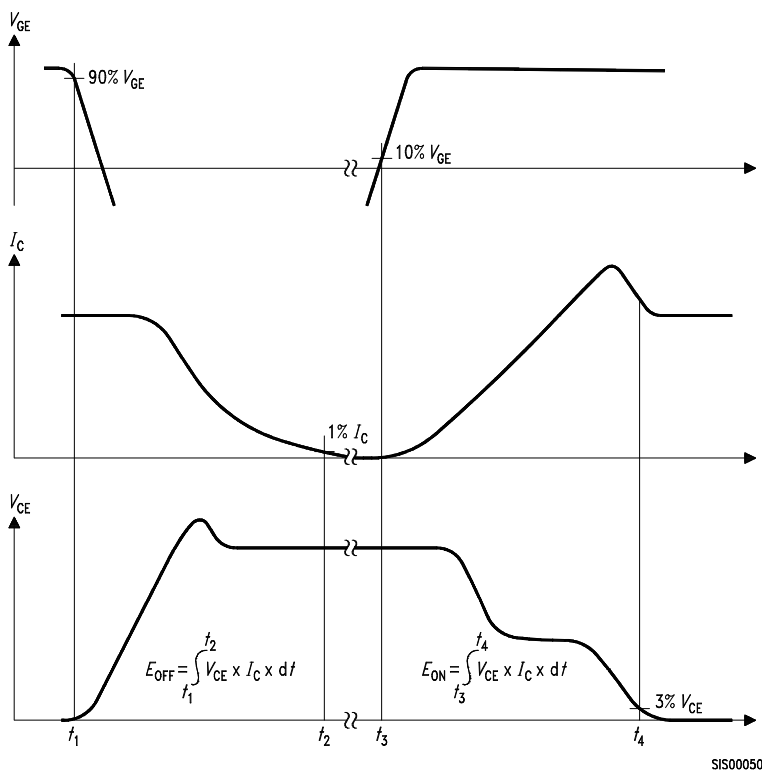


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

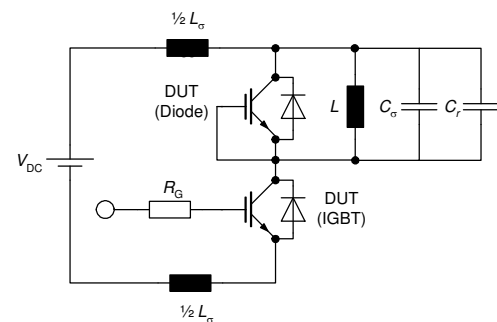


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit

Leakage inductance $L_\sigma = 180\text{nH}$,
Stray capacitor $C_\sigma = 40\text{pF}$,
Relief capacitor $C_r = 4\text{nF}$ (only for ZVT switching)

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Information

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Warnings

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